

(19)



Europäisches Patentamt
European Patent Office
Offic européen des brevets



(11)

EP 1 335 336 A2

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication:
13.08.2003 Bulletin 2003/33

(51) Int Cl.⁷: **G07G 1/00, G01G 19/414**

(21) Application number: **03250332.8**

(22) Date of filing: **18.01.2003**

(84) Designated Contracting States:
**AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR
HU IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE SI SK TR**
Designated Extension States:
AL LT LV MK RO

- Orwig, Wayne Lee
Dacula, Georgia 30019 (US)
- Seevers, Daniel Byron
Duluth, Georgia 30095 (US)
- Henry, Scott Ballard
Loganville, Georgia 30052 (US)

(30) Priority: **01.02.2002 US 61381**

(71) Applicant: **NCR INTERNATIONAL INC.**
Dayton, Ohio 45479 (US)

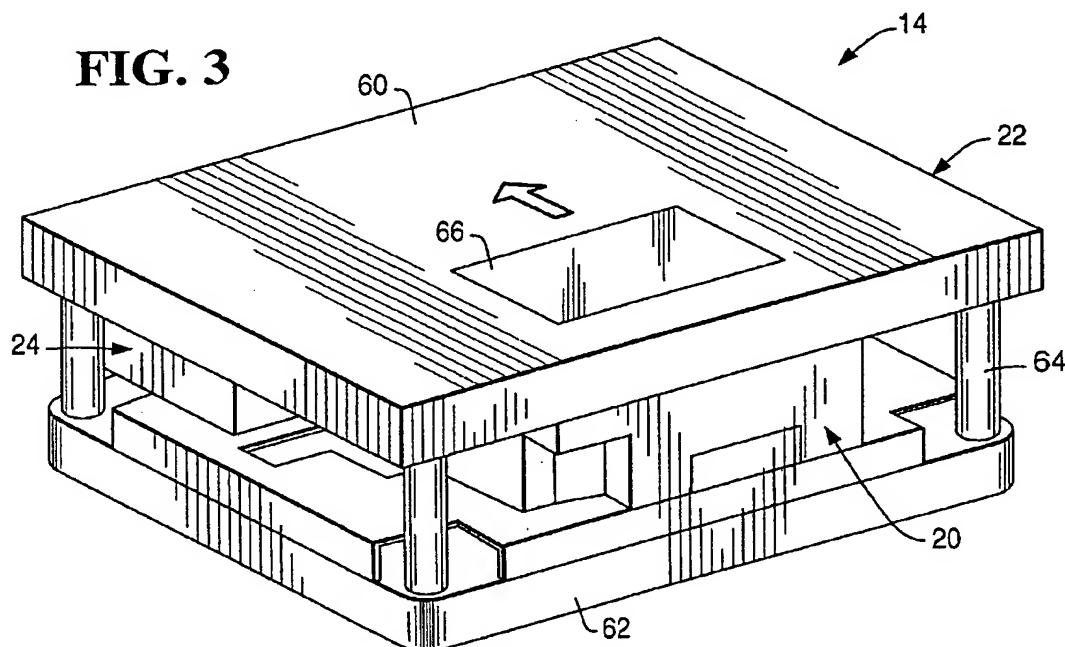
(74) Representative: **Williamson, Brian**
International IP Department,
NCR Limited,
206 Marylebone Road
London NW1 6LY (GB)

(72) Inventors:
• Collins, Jr Donald Alexander
Atlanta, Georgia 30319-3909 (US)

(54) **Checkout device**

(57) A checkout device with a barcode reader, scale, and electronic article surveillance (EAS) system. The checkout device includes a scale assembly including a base portion and a weigh scale over the base portion.

The weigh plate includes an aperture. A barcode reader is between the base portion and the weight scale and reads a barcode through the aperture in the weigh plate. A security label deactivation system is between the base portion and the weigh plate.



EP 1 335 336 A2

Description

[0001] The present invention relates to product checkout devices and more specifically to a checkout device including integrated barcode reader, scale, and electronic article surveillance (EAS) system.

[0002] In accordance with the teachings of the present invention, a checkout device including an integrated barcode reader, scale, and electronic article surveillance (EAS) is provided.

[0003] The checkout device includes a scale assembly including a base portion and a weigh scale over the base portion. The weigh plate includes an aperture. A barcode reader is between the base portion and the weight scale and reads a barcode through the aperture in the weigh plate. A security label deactivation system is between the base portion and the weigh plate.

[0004] The checkout device may be coupled to a point-of-sale (POS) terminal that provides both power and data connections to both the barcode reader and the scale assembly.

[0005] A checkout method includes the steps of reading a barcode label on an item moving in a path, which crosses an aperture of a scale weigh plate by a barcode reader between the aperture and a scale base portion, sending a signal to an interlock by the barcode reader, enabling a security label deactivation system between the scale weigh plate and the scale base portion and in a downstream position from the barcode reader relative to the path of the item, detecting a security label on the item by the security label deactivation system as the item moves along the path and crosses the security label deactivation system, and deactivating the security label by the security label deactivation system.

[0006] An embodiment of the present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figs. 1A and 1B are block diagrams first and second examples of a checkout system;

Fig. 2 is a wiring diagram of an example cable connecting a POS terminal to a barcode reader and a scale in accordance with the second example of the present invention;

Fig. 3 is a exterior perspective view of a checkout device; and

Fig. 4 is a interior view of the checkout device with the scale weigh plate removed.

[0007] Referring now to Figs. 1A and 1B, checkout system 10 includes point-of-sale (POS) terminal 12 and checkout device 14.

[0008] POS terminal 12 executes transaction processing software 16, which records items for purchase and records payment for the items.

[0009] POS terminal 12 additionally includes port 18 to which checkout device 14 is connected. Port 18 may be a serial port, such as an RS232 serial port.

[0010] Checkout device 14 primarily includes barcode reader 20, scale 22, and electronic article surveillance (EAS) system 24.

[0011] Barcode reader 20 reads barcode labels on purchased items. Barcode reader 20 also sends an enable signal to EAS system 24 through interlock 26 following reading. Barcode reader 20 preferably includes primary port 28 for connection barcode reader 20 to port 18 of POS terminal 12. In addition, barcode reader 20 preferably includes auxiliary port 30 to which other peripherals, such as scale 22 are connected. Primary and auxiliary ports 28 and 30 may be serial ports, such as RS232 serial ports. Barcode reader 20 may include an NCR model 7882 barcode reader.

[0012] Scale 22 weighs purchased produce items. Scale 22 may include a Mettler Toledo model MT8217AS scale.

[0013] EAS system 24 deactivates security labels on purchased items that have them. EAS system 24 senses the presence of a security label and deactivates the security label. EAS system 24 may be connected to auxiliary port 30 or to interlock 26. If present, interlock 26 activates EAS system 24 in response to an enable signal from barcode reader 20. Thus, interlock 26 signals EAS system 24 to detect a security label only if barcode reader 20 has read a barcode label.

[0014] POS terminal 12 and checkout device 14 may be coupled in various ways. In a first example embodiment (Fig. 1A), cable 40 couples port 18 of POS terminal 12 to primary port 28 of barcode reader 20. Cable 42 couples auxiliary port 30 of barcode reader 20 to port 32 of scale 22 and port 34 of interlock 26.

[0015] Under this example, cables 40 and 42 supply data. Cable 42 additionally supplies power to scale 22 from barcode reader 20.

[0016] Multiple power connections supply power. POS terminal 12 and barcode reader 20 have their own power connections. Interlock 26 and EAS system 24 share another power connection.

[0017] In a second example embodiment (Fig. 1B), cable 44 couples port 18 of POS terminal 12 to port 28 of barcode reader 20 and port 32 of scale 22. Cable 44 supplies power to both barcode reader 20 and scale 22 from POS terminal 12. Thus, one less power connection is required in this example. Different terminal configurations of cable 44 are envisioned. One configuration was designed for the IBM model 46XX terminal (Fig. 2).

[0018] Turning now to Fig. 2, cable 44 is shown in detail. Connector 50 couples to a corresponding connector in port 18 of POS terminal 12. Connector 52 couples to a corresponding connector in port 28 of barcode reader 20. Finally, connector 54 couples to a corresponding connector in port 32 of scale 22.

[0019] Table 1 below identifies the function of the pins in connector 50:

Table I

Pin	Function
1	Logic and Power Ground
4	Terminal Power (connection OK)
3	Data signal + (bi-directional)
2	Data signal - (bi-directional)
S	DC Power +12 volts

Resistor 56 limits the current flowing from POS terminal to peripherals.

[0020] Turning now to Figs. 3 and 4, checkout device 14 is shown in more detail.

[0021] Scale 22 includes weigh plate 60, base portion 62, and (4) weigh plate support posts 64. Barcode reader 20 and EAS system 24 are sandwiched between base portion 62 and weigh plate 60. Weigh plate supports 64 float on a load cell assembly within base portion 62.

[0022] Weigh plate 60 includes window 66, which is substantially aligned with window 70 of barcode reader 20. Barcode reader 20 reads barcode labels on items above weigh plate 60 through window 66.

[0023] An example EAS system 24 includes electromagnetic coil 72. Coil 72 may include separate sense and deactivation coils. Corresponding security labels on products include magnetic material. Coil 72 is packaged into a generally rectangular in shape and positioned adjacent barcode reader 20. When mounted in a checkout counter, coil 72 is preferably oriented so that its length dimension is oriented perpendicular to the direction of product movement (arrow). In this way, security labels are exposed to the electromagnetic field from coil 72 after they are moved across window 66.

[0024] Checkout device 14 is preferably about 11.5 inches in width by 20 inches in length. Advantageously, checkout device 14 fits within a "standard" U.S. check-stand hole for combination barcode reader and scale assemblies.

[0025] In operation, a product bearing a barcode label and a product security label are moved across weigh plate 60 with the barcode label aimed at window 66. Barcode reader 20 reads the barcode label and sends an enable signal to interlock 26. Interlock 26 signals EAS system 24 to detect the product security label. Coil 72 senses the magnetic material in the security label. Coil 72 demagnetizes the magnetic material in the security label.

[0026] Although the invention has been described with particular reference to certain preferred embodiments thereof, variations and modifications of the present invention can be effected within the scope of the invention.

Claims

1. A checkout device comprising:

5 a scale assembly including a base portion and a weigh scale over the base portion;

10 wherein the weigh plate includes an aperture; a barcode reader between the base portion and the weight scale which reads a barcode through the aperture in the weigh plate; and

15 a security label deactivation system between the base portion and the weigh plate, which is actuatable automatically in response to the barcode reader reading a barcode.

2. A checkout device as claimed in claim 1, wherein the security label deactivation system includes a magnetic coil assembly for sensing and deactivating a security label.

20 3. A checkout device as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wherein the barcode reader reads the barcode before the magnetic coil assembly senses and deactivates the security label.

25 4. A checkout device as claimed in any preceding claim, further comprising an interlock which enables the security label deactivation system following reading of the barcode.

5. A checkout method comprising the steps of:

30 reading a barcode label on an item moving in a path, which crosses an aperture of a scale weigh plate by a barcode reader between the aperture and a scale base portion;

35 sending a signal to an interlock by the barcode reader;

40 enabling a security label deactivation system between the scale weigh plate and the scale base portion and in a downstream position from the barcode reader relative to the path of the item;

45 detecting a security label on the item by the security label deactivation system as the item moves along the path and crosses the security label deactivation system; and

50 deactivating the security label by the security label deactivation system.

6. A method as claimed in claim 5, wherein the detecting step comprises the substeps of:

55 sensing movement a magnetic material in the security label as it passes near a coil assembly in the security label deactivation system.

7. A method as claimed in claim 5 or claim 6, wherein the detecting step comprises the substeps of:

demagnetizing a magnetic material in the security label as it passes near a coil assembly in the security label deactivation system. 5

10

15

20

25

30

35

40

45

50

55

FIG. 1A

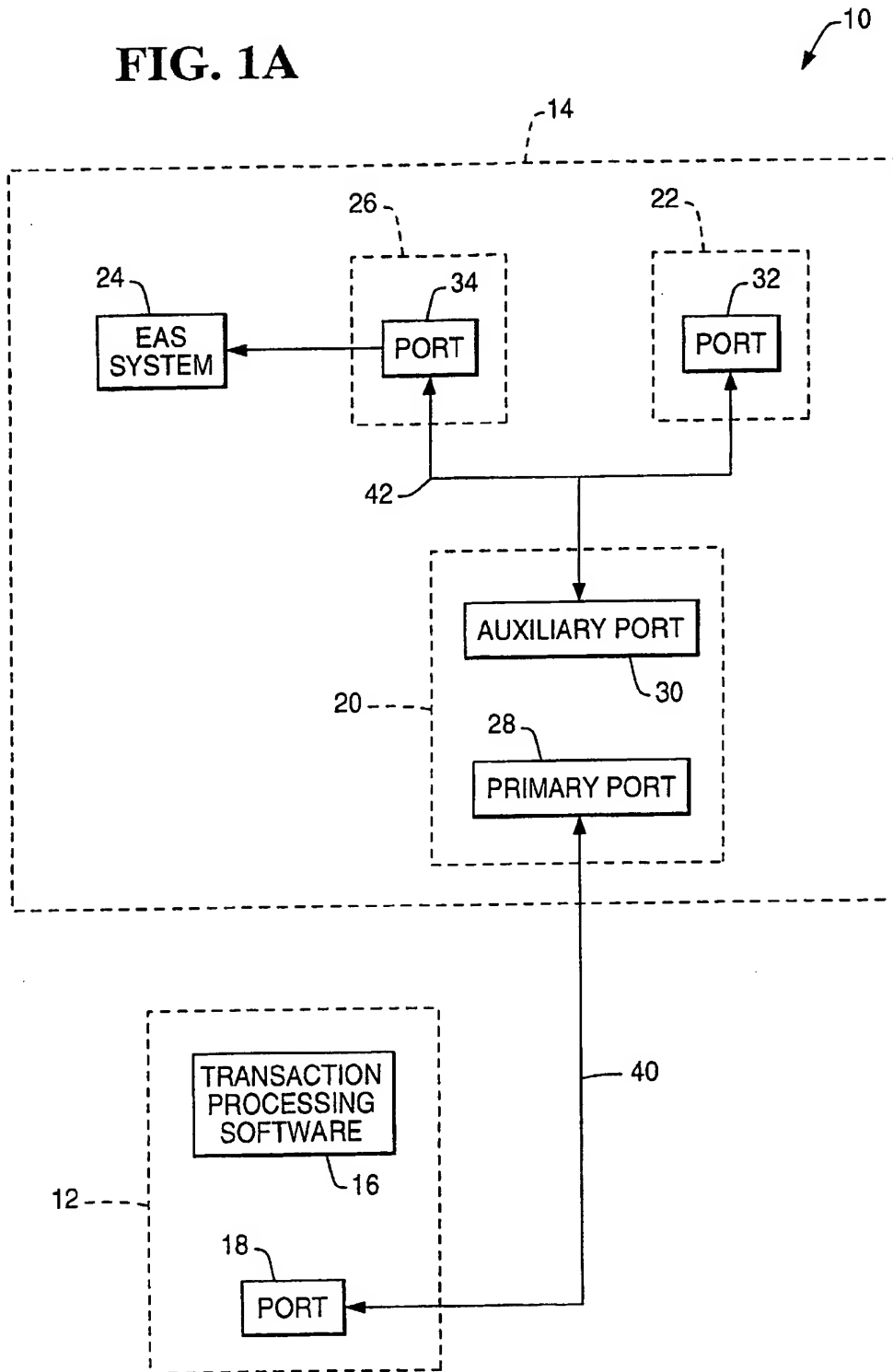


FIG. 1B

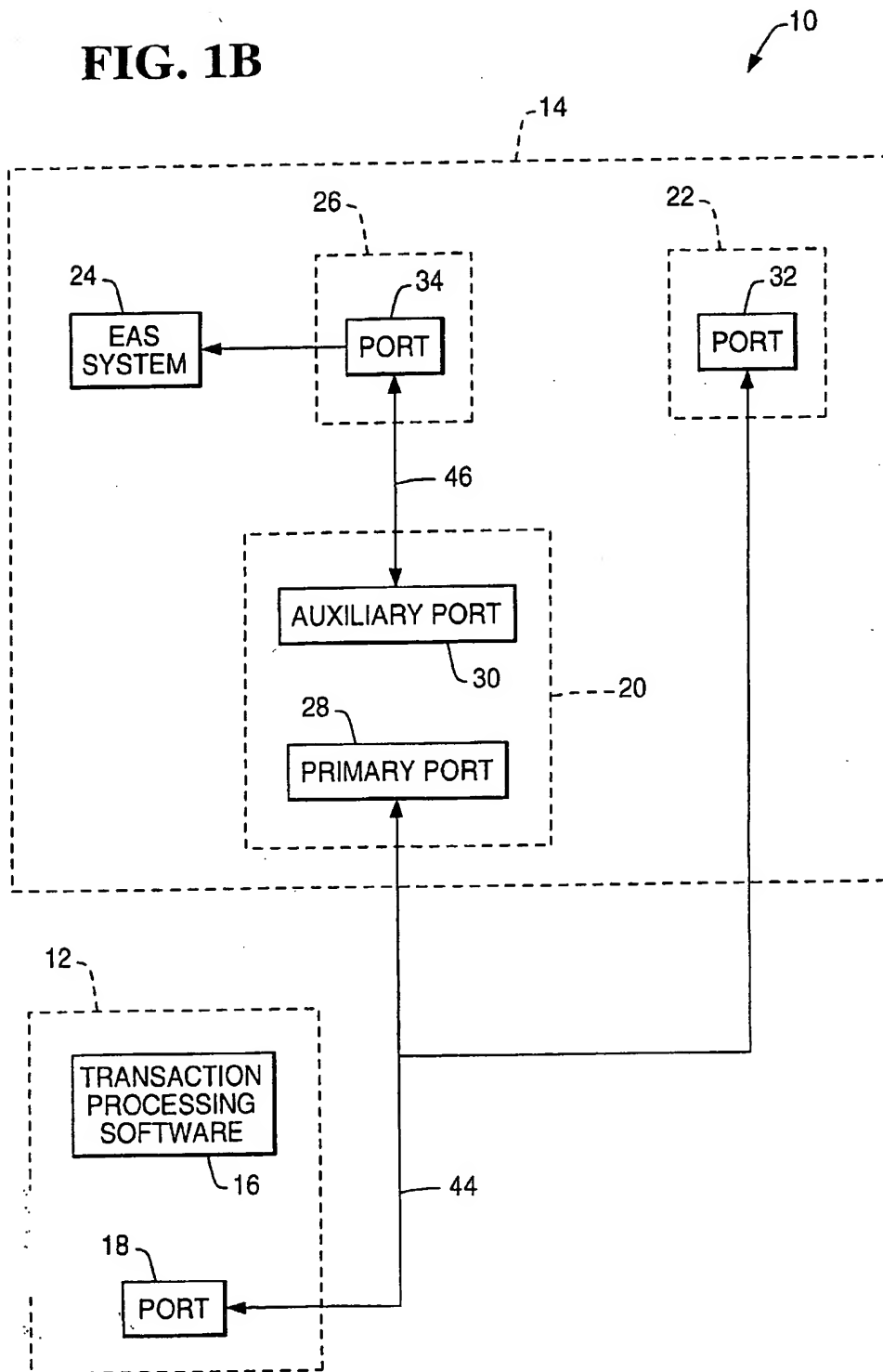


FIG. 2

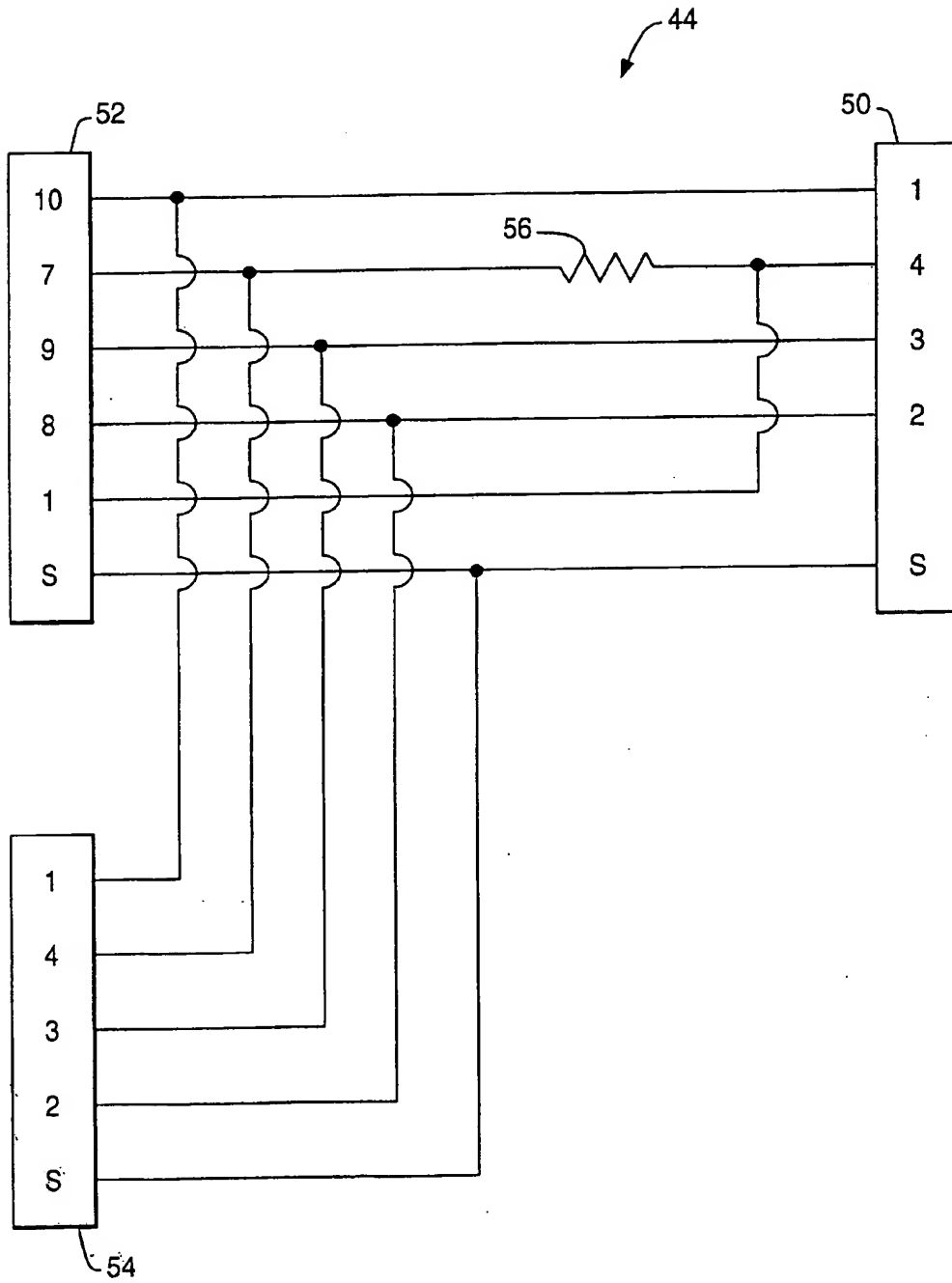


FIG. 3

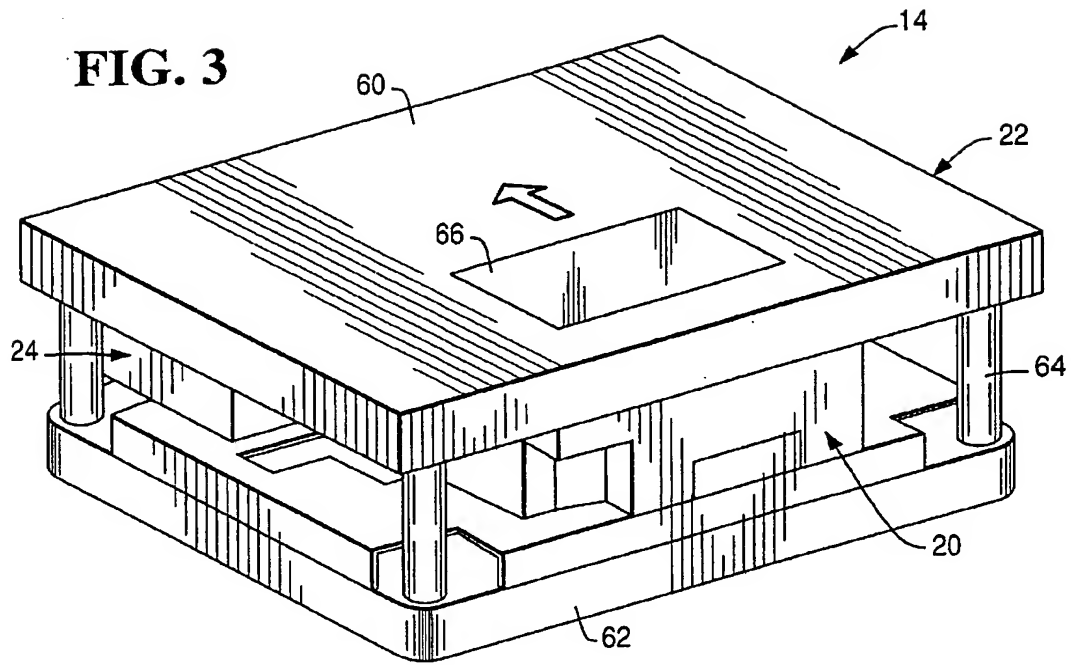
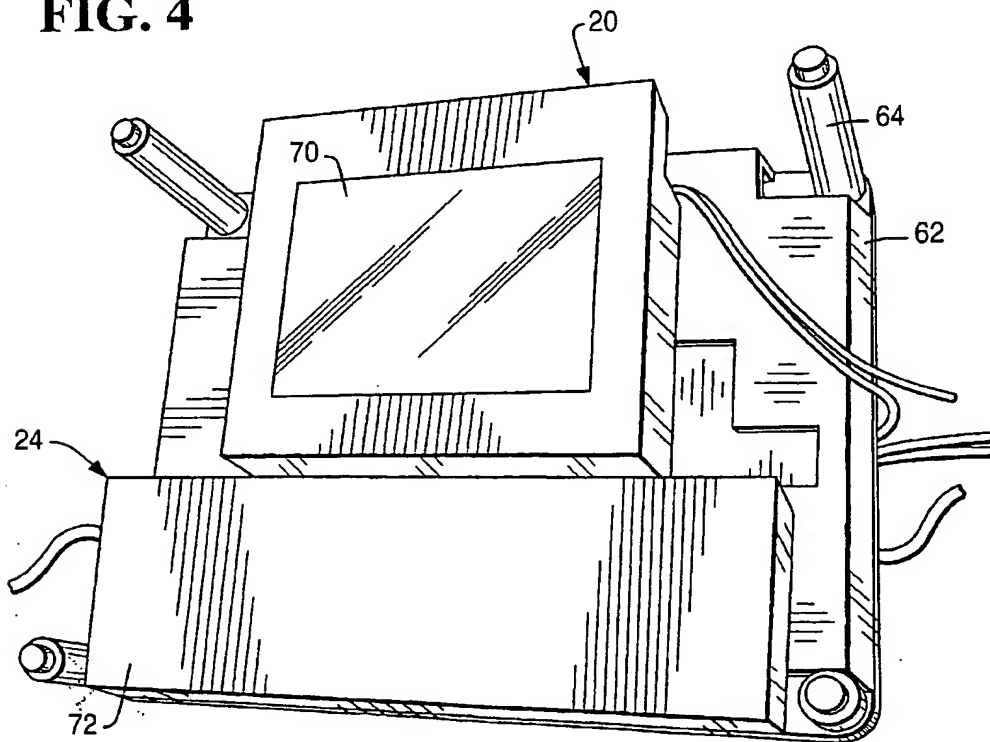


FIG. 4



Checkout devicePatent Number: ☐ EP1335336

Publication date: 2003-08-13

Inventor(s): COLLINS JR DONALD ALEXANDER (US); HENRY SCOTT BALLARD (US); ORWIG WAYNE LEE (US); SEEVERS DANIEL BYRON (US)

Applicant(s): NCR INT INC (US)

Requested Patent: ☐ US2003146278

Application Number: EP20030250332 20030118

Priority Number (s): US20020061381 20020201

IPC Classification: G07G1/00; G01G19/414

EC Classification: G07G1/00C2D

Equivalents:

Cited patent(s):

Abstract

Data supplied from the esp@cenet database - I2
